

ETH Zurich
Department of Earth Sciences
Institute of Geophysics
Geothermal Energy & Geofluids (GEG)
Sonneggstrasse 5, 8092 Zurich, Switzerland

CO₂-Plume Geothermal: evaluating the potential

Martin O. Saar (co-inventor CPG)
Jasper de Reus
Roman Shor

saarm@ethz.ch | [GEG.ethz.ch/martin-saar](https://geg.ethz.ch/martin-saar) | [GEG.ethz.ch](https://geg.ethz.ch)

Content of this slide pack:

- CO₂ Plume Geothermal (CPG) concept
- CPG Consortium
- Canadian CPG potential evaluation

CO₂-Plume Geothermal (CPG)

- CO₂-Plume Geothermal (CPG) systems use **naturally permeable reservoirs** at 2-5 km depth, targeted for CO₂ Capture and (geologic) Sequestration (CCS) to reduce climate change and to expand the resource base of renewable geothermal energy
- These reservoirs include **depleted oil/gas reservoirs and deep saline formations**
- CPG turns CCS into CO₂ Capture, Utilization and Sequestration (CCUS)**, as CPG's use of subsurface CO₂ to extract geothermal energy **doubles to triples** the geothermal energy extraction rate compared to water, while ultimately geologically sequestering 100% of the CO₂

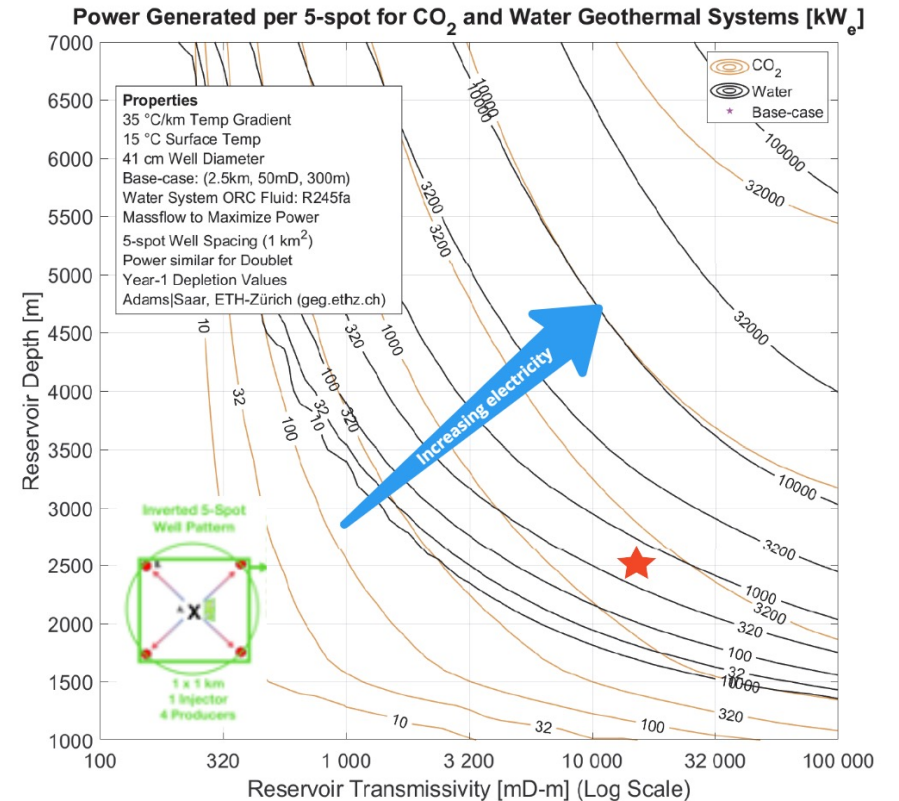
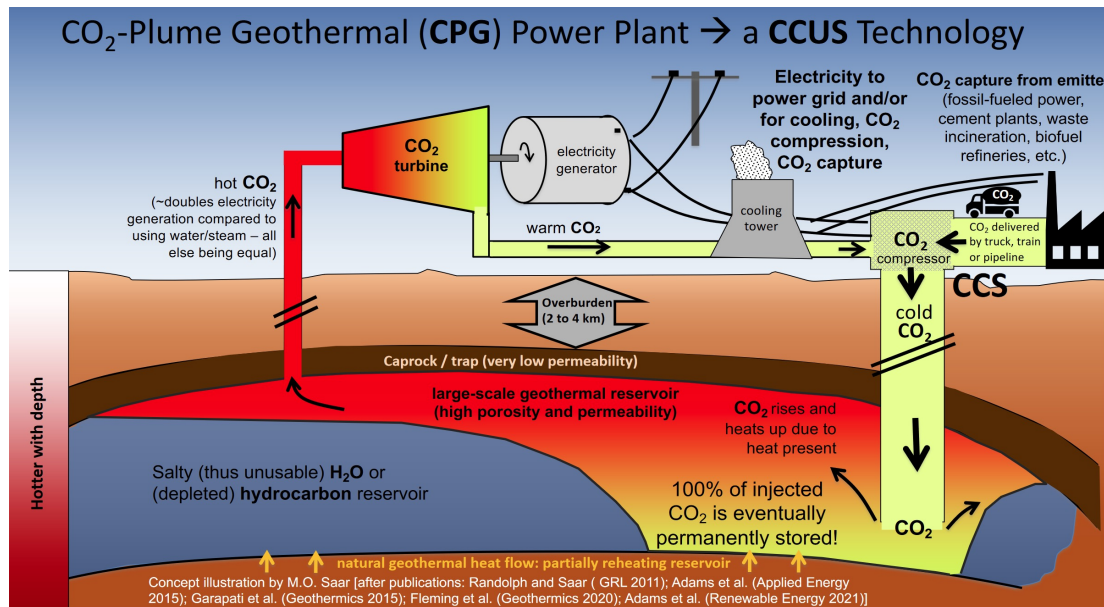
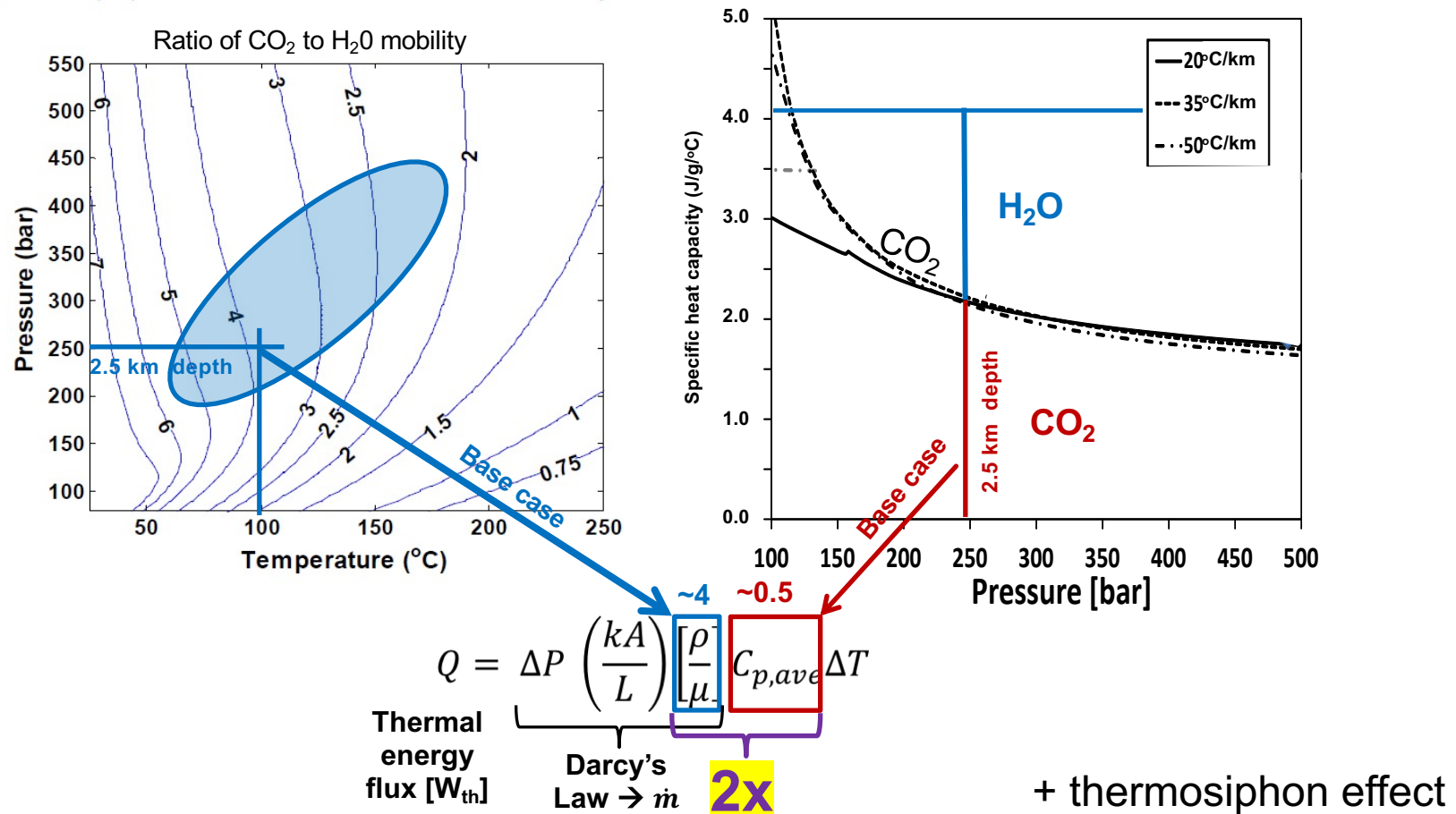


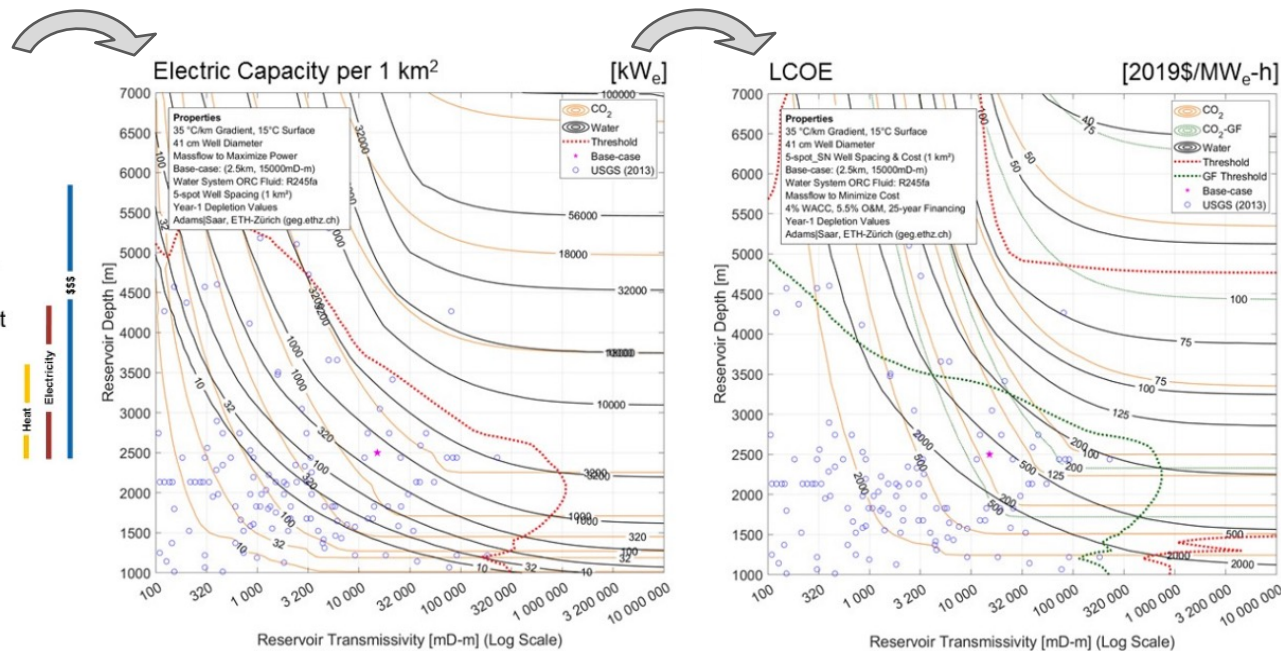
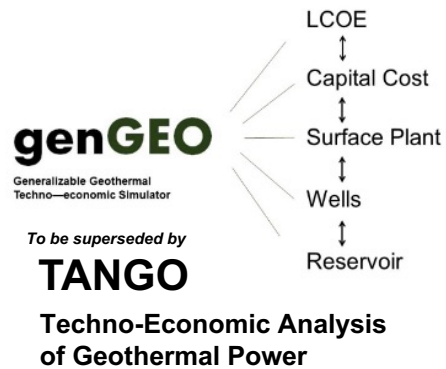
Figure 1: Estimate of electric power generation (in kW_e), calculated with genGEO, for groundwater (black lines) and subsurface CO₂ (orange lines) of a single inverted 5-spot well pattern (see green drawing) with 1 km² footprint area, or well-doublet, as a function of reservoir depth and reservoir transmissivity. Multiple 5-spot well patterns (or well-doublets) can typically be placed in a reservoir and the power output needs to be multiplied accordingly. The red star indicates the base case where ~2 MWe are generated with CPG and only 0.8 MWe with traditional water as the subsurface geothermal working fluid (based on Adams et al., 2015).

CO₂ : typically **2x** power out compared to H₂O



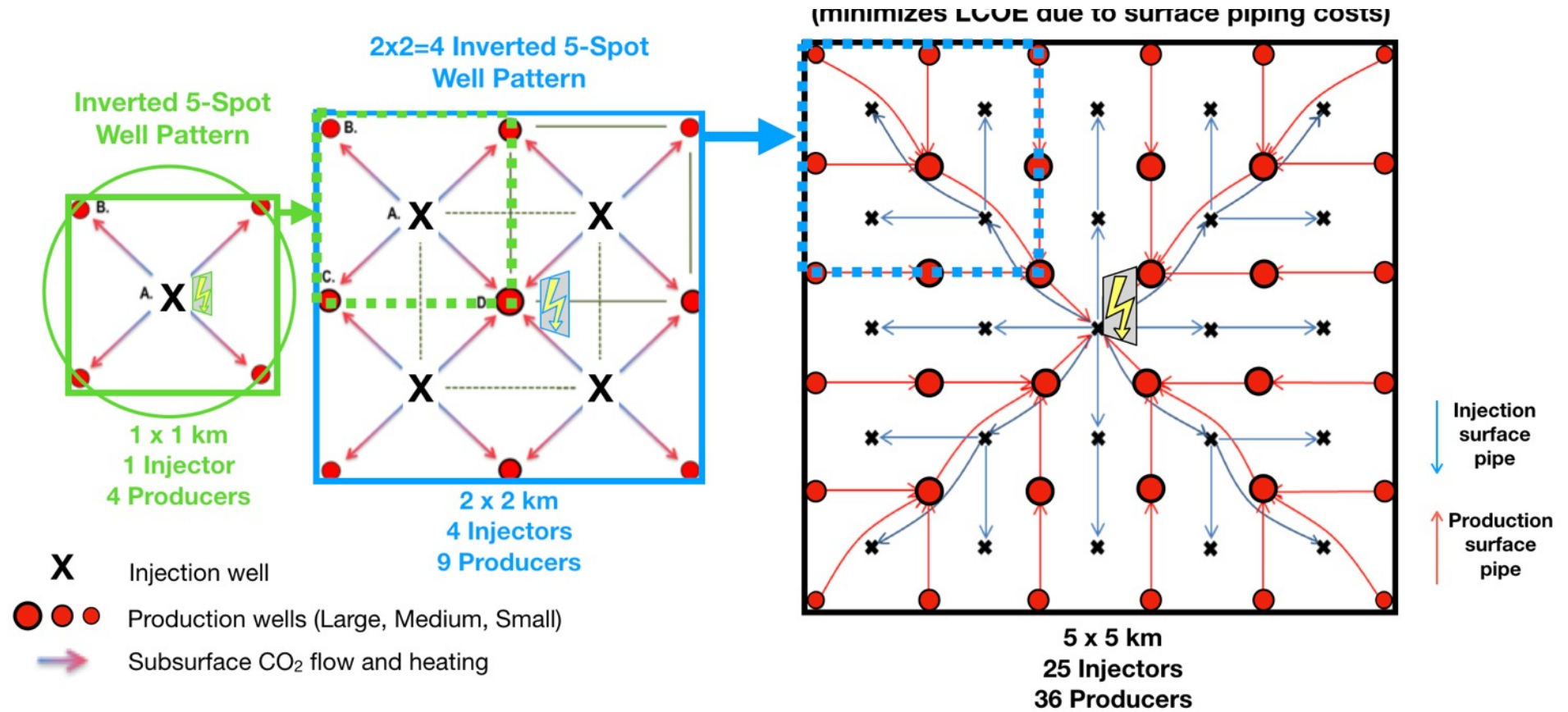
The potential of CPG

With the GEG group's genGEO both power output and costs (such as LCOE), can be estimated. We have Identified a CPG potential of 200 GWe in USA saline aquifers alone below 100 \$/MWh.



Adams, B.M., J.D. Oglund-Hand, J.M. Bielicki, P. Schädle, and M.O. Saar, *Estimating the Geothermal Electricity Generation Potential of Sedimentary Basins using genGEO (the generalizable GEOthermal techno-economic simulator)*, ChemRxiv: <https://doi.org/10.26434/chemrxiv.13514440.v1>

CPG upscaling

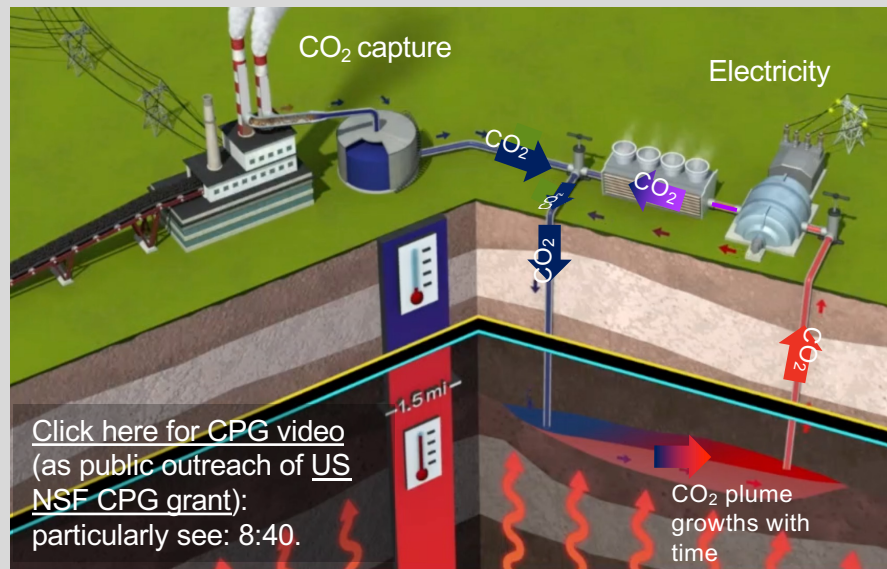


Results in 100-150 MWe geothermal power plant
 [under base case conditions: standard geothermal gradient and 2.5 km deep CCS reservoir]

Most relevant CO₂-Plume Geothermal (CPG) papers / videos by Saar / GEG Group

CPG:

- combines CCS with geothermal energy extraction/use
- ~doubles geothermal power generation compared to water
- still stores all CO₂ eventually permanently
- can subsidize CCS with heat, electricity and/or revenue
- is a true CCUS technology → does both U and 100% S



CPG and CPG Consortium talk, given by Saar online at Schlumberger (SLB) in April 2022 (shared with permission by SLB): <https://vimeo.com/708207444> (Password: **CPG-April2022**)

- 2022 Fleming, Adams, Bielicki, Kuehn, Saar, [Flexible CO₂-Plume Geothermal \(CPG-F\): Using Geologically Stored CO₂ to Provide Dispatchable Power and Energy Storage](#), Energy Conversion and Management, 253/115082, 2022. [\[Download PDF\]](#)
How, with the addition of a “shallow” reservoir, CPG can be used to store energy.
- 2022 Ezekiel, Adams, Ebigbo, [Numerical analysis and optimization of the performance of CO₂-Plume Geothermal \(CPG\) production wells and implications for electric power generation](#), Geothermics, 98/102270, 2022. [\[Download PDF\]](#)
When liquid loading may occur in CPG production wells and how to avoid it.
- 2021 Ezekiel, Kumbhat, Ebigbo, Adams, Saar, [Sensitivity of Reservoir and Operational Parameters on the Energy Extraction Performance of Combined CO₂-EGR-CPG Systems](#), Energies, 14/6122, 2021. [\[Download PDF\]](#)
Parameter sensitivity study on CPG power output performance.
- 2021 Adams, Vogler, Kuehn, Bielicki, Garapati, Saar, [Heat Depletion in Sedimentary Basins and its Effect on the Design and Electric Power Output of CO₂ Plume Geothermal \(CPG\) Systems](#), Renewable Energy, 172, pp. 1393-1403, 2021. [\[Download PDF\]](#)
Reservoir heat depletion during CPG and CPG parameter analysis and reservoir cooling, where the well design is varied.
- 2020 Garapati, Adams, Fleming, Kuehn, Saar, [Combining brine or CO₂ geothermal preheating with low-temperature waste heat: A higher-efficiency hybrid geothermal power system](#), Journal of CO₂ Utilization, 42, 2020. [\[Download PDF\]](#)
When to use geothermal systems in general and in particular CPG as a preheater.
- 2020 Hefny, Qin, Saar, and A. Ebigbo, [Synchrotron-based pore-network modeling of two-phase flow in Nubian Sandstone and implications for capillary trapping of carbon dioxide](#), International Journal of Greenhouse Gas Control, 103/1031642, 2020. [\[Download PDF\]](#)
CCS and CPG after EOR.
- 2020 Fleming, Adams, Kuehn, Bielicki, Saar, [Increased Power Generation due to Exothermic Water Exsolution in CO₂ Plume Geothermal \(CPG\) Power Plants](#), Geothermics, 88/101865, 2020. [\[Download PDF\]](#)
How exothermic exsolution of water from CO₂ in the CPG production well can significantly increase CPG-based power generation.
- 2020 Ezekiel, J., A. Ebigbo, B. M. Adams, and M. O. Saar, [Combining natural gas recovery and CO₂-based geothermal energy extraction for electric power generation](#), Applied Energy, 269/115012, 2020. [\[Download PDF\]](#)
Adding CPG after EGR.
- 2017 Walsh, Garapati, Leal, Saar, [Calculating thermophysical fluid properties during geothermal energy production with NESS and Reaktoro](#), Geothermics, 70, pp. 146-154, 2017. [\[Download PDF\]](#)
How different (subsurface) fluid properties affect power generation and how to calculate the properties of geothermal working fluids.
- 2015 Adams, Kuehn, Bielicki, Randolph, Saar, [A comparison of electric power output of CO₂ Plume Geothermal \(CPG\) and brine geothermal systems for varying reservoir conditions](#), Applied Energy, 140, pp. 365-377, 2015. [\[Download PDF\]](#)
Calculating electric power output from thermal output for CPG systems and comparing it also to indirect systems such as ORCs.
- 2015 Garapati, Randolph, Saar, [Brine displacement by CO₂, energy extraction rates, and lifespan of a CO₂-limited CO₂-Plume Geothermal \(CPG\) system with a horizontal production well](#), Geothermics, 55, pp. 182-194, 2015. [\[Download PDF\]](#)
CO₂-limited CPG systems → How much CO₂ is needed. Plus use of horizontal wells and brine displacement by CO₂.
- 2014 Adams, Kuehn, Bielicki, Randolph, Saar, [On the importance of the thermosiphon effect in CPG \(CO₂-Plume geothermal\) power systems](#), Energy, 69, pp. 409-418, 2014. [\[Download PDF\]](#)
CO₂-thermosiphon effect in CPG.
- 2011 Randolph, J.B., and M.O. Saar, [Combining geothermal energy capture with geologic carbon dioxide sequestration](#), Geophysical Research Letters, 38, L10401, 2011. [\[Download PDF\]](#)
Main first CPG publication. Comparing thermal power output of CPG to CO₂-EGS and to hydrothermal.

Evaluation of Canadian Potential

- Proposed ETH + University of Alberta + University of Calgary joint project (late 2023 – early 2025)

Basal Cambrian Sandstone CO₂ Storage Potential

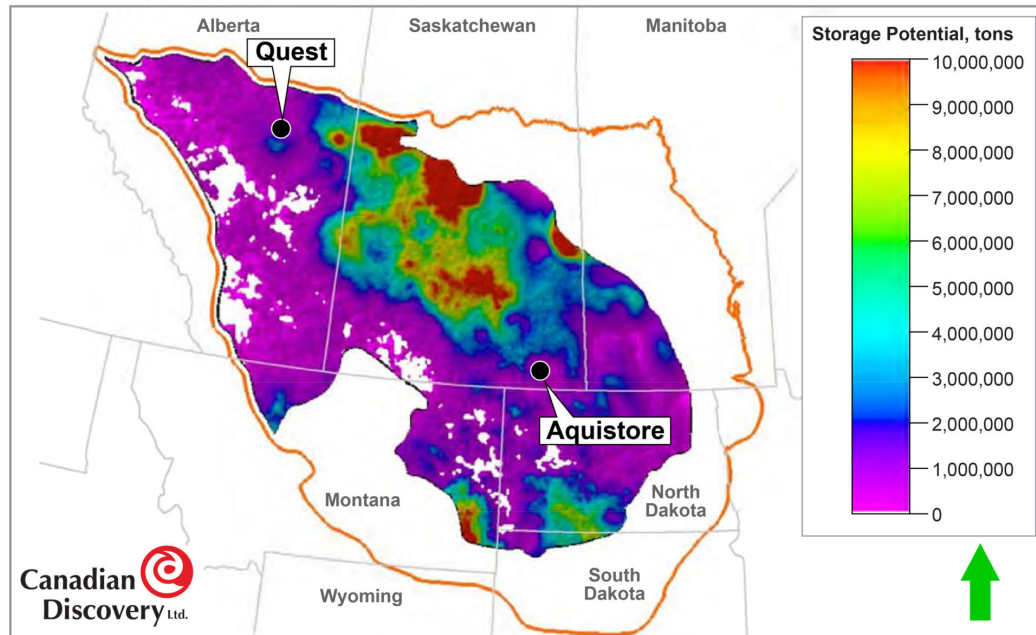
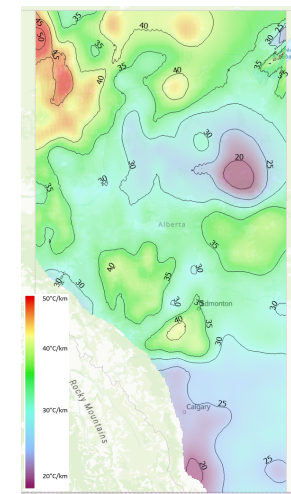
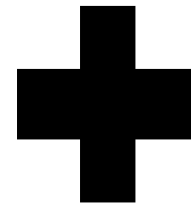
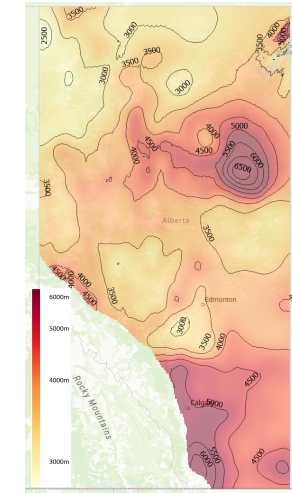


Figure 1

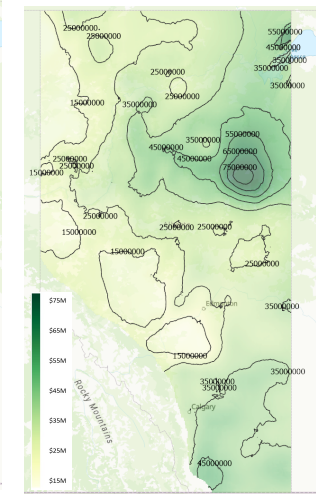
Modified from Peck et al., 2014



Geothermal Gradient (°C/km) map of Alberta. From Majorowicz (2018)



Estimated depths (m) to achieve subsurface temperatures of 120°C



Estimated costs to drill a doublet to subsurface temperatures of 120°C

How I get involved?

- If you have a current or planned CO₂ storage project, or are operating a CO₂-based enhanced oil or gas recovery system, CPG could be a potential add-on.
- Join the CPG consortium at ETH and shared data (under NDA) on potential fields for evaluation for a demonstration project
 - Contact Jasper (adereus@ethz.ch) or Martin (saarm@ethz.ch)
- Share data with the U of A / U of C teams once the joint project is initiated
 - Potential target reservoirs or current operations

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